

**Class IX**  
**Periodic Test-II**  
**(2022-2023)**  
**Mathematics (Standard)**



**Date : 21.11.2022**

**Roll. No. : ....**

**Time : 1 hr 30 mins**

**M.M. : 40**

**General Instructions:**

- a) This Question paper contains - five sections A, B, C, D and E. Each section is compulsory.
- b) Section A has 9 MCQ's and 1 Assertion-Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- c) Section B has 3 Very Short Answer (VSA)-type questions of 2 marks each.
- d) Section C has 2 Short Answer (SA)-type questions of 3 marks each.
- e) Section D has 2 Long Answer (LA)-type questions of 5 marks each.
- f) Section E has 2 case study questions (4 marks each) with sub parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks respectively.

**Section-A**

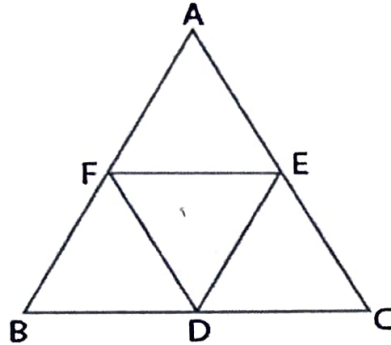
1. The quadrilateral formed by joining the mid-points of the side of quadrilateral PQRS, taken in order, is a rhombus, if
  - a) PQRS is a rhombus
  - b) PQRS is a parallelogram
  - c) diagonals of PQRS are perpendicular
  - d) diagonals of PQRS are equal





ii) of a household earning Rs. 25000 and more per year owning 2 televisions.

13. In the figure, it is given that BDEF and FDCE are parallelogram. Prove that  $BD = CD$ .



### Section-C

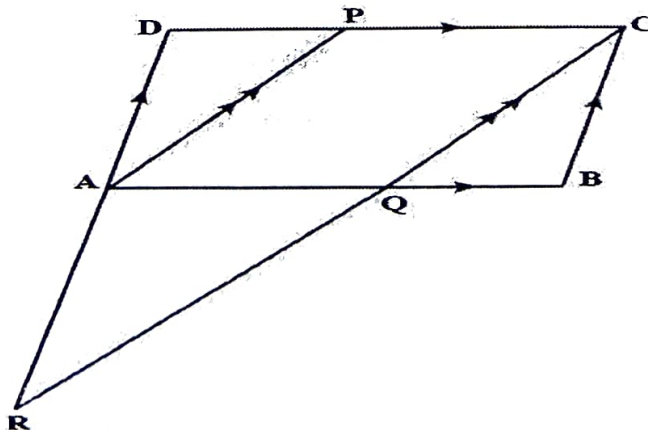
14. If diagonals of a quadrilateral are equal and bisect each other at right angles, Show that it is a Square.

15. If the polynomials  $(az^3 + 4z^2 + 3z - 4)$  and  $(z^3 - 4z + a)$  leave the same remainder when divided by  $z - 3$ , find the value of "a".

### Section-D

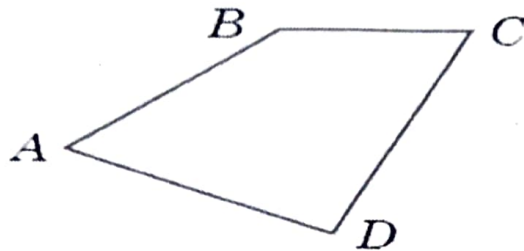
16. Factorise  $2x^3 - 3x^2 - 17x + 30$  using factor theorem.

17. P is the mid-point of the side CD of a parallelogram ABCD. A line through C parallel to PA intersects AB at Q and DA produced at R. Prove that  $DA = AR$  and  $CQ = QR$ .

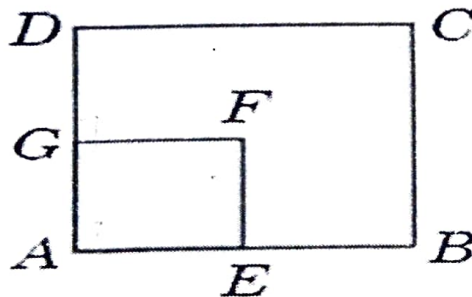


### 18. Case study I:

After summer vacation, Manit's class teacher organised a small MCQ quiz, based on the properties of quadrilaterals. During quiz, she asks different questions to students. Some of the questions are listed below.



- If angles of a quadrilateral are in ratio  $3 : 5 : 5 : 7$ , then find all the angles.
- Write all the properties of a Rhombus.
- ABCD and AEF G are two parallelograms. If  $\angle C = 63^\circ$ , then determine  $\angle G$ .



### 19. Case study II:

Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao (BBBP) is a personal campaign of the Government of India that aims to generate awareness and improve the efficiency of welfare services intended for girls. In a school, a group of  $(x + y)$  teachers,  $(x^2 + y^2)$  girls and  $(x^3 + y^3)$  boys organised a campaign on Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao.



- a) Write the formula to  $(x^3 + y^3)$ ,
- b) If in the group, there are 15 teachers and 117 girls, then what is the value of  $xy$ ?
- c) If in the group, there are 15 teachers and 117 girls, then what is the number of boys?